



MINOR BEHAVIOUR

A minor behaviour poses minimal danger and can be resolved on the spot.



If the consequence is extended beyond a verbal warning, it must be logged on Compass and communicated with the classroom teacher.

EXAMPLES OF MINOR BEHAVIOURS

- ▶ Running through walkways
(For example: narrow concrete paths)
- ▶ Not playing fairly with others
(For example: not playing by the rules of the game)
- ▶ Disrespectful behaviour
(For example: not following instructions or speaking impolitely)
- ▶ Acting in an unsafe manner
(For example: play fighting and throwing items)
- ▶ Playing in an out of bounds area
- ▶ Not wearing a hat in the yard
- ▶ Preventing others from learning

MAJOR BEHAVIOUR

A major behaviour poses a high-level of danger and requires immediate intervention.



In the instance that a major behaviour occurs, the priority is to ensure the safety of all involved.

The first responder to the situation is responsible for dealing with the situation, following through and logging the incident on Compass. Leadership will support as required.

Parents will be contacted that day, in consultation with Leadership.

EXAMPLES OF MAJOR BEHAVIOURS

- ▶ Bullying
(For example: ongoing, targeted and with a clear imbalance of power)
- ▶ Physical violence (For example: targeted assault)
- ▶ Threatening language For example: (targeted and intimidating)
- ▶ Intentional destruction of property
(For example: where the safety of others is compromised)
- ▶ Absconding from the school